

## Daily Tutorial Sheet 2 JEE Main (Archive)

**16.(A)** When bauxite ore is digested with connected NaOH solution, alumina (Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) dissolves.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3(s) + 2\text{NaOH(ag)} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) \xrightarrow{\phantom{-}473 - 523\,\text{K}} \\ \text{Sodium meta-aluminate} \\ \text{(X)} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{CO}_2 \\ \text{Hydrated alumina} \\ \text{(Y)} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{CO}_2 \\ \text{Hydrated alumina} \\ \text{(Y)} \end{array}$$

**17.(B)** In the extraction of copper from its sulphide ore, the metal is obtained by auto-reduction. A part of sulphide ore is converted into oxide which then reacts with remaining sulphide to give the metal.

$$2Cu_2S + 3O_2 \longrightarrow 2Cu_2O + 2SO_2$$

$$2Cu_2O+Cu_2S \longrightarrow 6Cu+SO_2$$

**18.(B)**  $2Cu_2S + 3O_2 \xrightarrow{\Delta} 2Cu_2O + 2SO_2$ This reaction is roasting of  $Cu_2S$ .

- 19.(C) Copper pyrite: CuFeS2
- 20.(B) The metal whose curve lie below can reduce the metal oxide whose curve lie above in Ellingham diagram.
- 21.(C) Siderite is FeCO<sub>3</sub>, Kaolinite is Al<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>(OH)<sub>4</sub> Calamine is ZnCO<sub>3</sub>, Malachite is CuCO<sub>3</sub>·Cu(OH)<sub>2</sub>
- 22.(B) Refer NCERT

**23.(D)** Cryolite = 
$$Na_3[AlF_6]$$

- **24.(A)** Ellingham diagram tells us about  $\Delta G$  values (feasibility) of thermal reduction of an ore using suitable reducing agents.
- **25.(C)** Fact
- **27.(A)** Aniline is a froth stabilizer.
- **28.(A)** Bauxide  $\rightarrow$  Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Malachite  $\rightarrow$  CuCO<sub>3</sub> · Cu(OH)<sub>2</sub> Siderite  $\rightarrow$  FeCO<sub>3</sub>, Calamine  $\rightarrow$  ZnCO<sub>3</sub>
- **29.(A)** Assertion is correct as Haematite ore is used for extraction of Fe. Haematite is an oxide ore, so reason is incorrect.

30.(C) Ni(s) + 4CO(g) 
$$\xrightarrow{50^{\circ}\text{C}}$$
 [Ni(CO)<sub>4</sub>] 
$$\text{[Ni(CO)_4]} \xrightarrow{200^{\circ}-250^{\circ}\text{C}}$$
 Ni(s) + 4CO(g

- 31.(B) Theory based
- **33.(C)** In the given diagram, the plot for  $A + O_2 \rightarrow AO_2$  is below the plot for  $B + O_2 \rightarrow BO_2$  when T > 1400°C, which shows that A can spontaneously reduce  $BO_2$ .
- **34.(B)** Fact